

#EU 2024

THE PLANT-BASED MANIFESTO FOR THE 2024 EUROPEAN ELECTIONS

Executive summary

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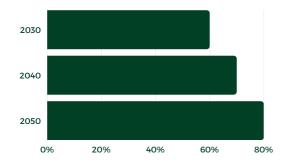
Vegetarische Union Österreich – Vegane Gesellschaft Österreich – ProVeg Belgium – Tutmonda Esperantista Vegetarana Asocio (TEVA) – EcoVegAnimals (EVA) – Bulgarian Veg Society – Prijatelij zivotinja (Animal Friends Croatia) – Životinje bez granica (Animals without Borders) – Česká společnost pro výživu a vegetariánství o.s. (ČSVV) – ProVeg Czechia – Dansk Vegetarisk Forening – Association Végétarienne de France – Vegan France Interpro – ProVeg Deutschland – Vegetarische Initiative e.V. – Hellenic Vegetarian Association – Čko-včlgy Alapítvány (Eco Valley Foundation) – Vegetarian Society of Ireland – Associazione Vegan Animalista (AVA) – Gyvi Gali – Vegan Society Luxembourg ASBL – Nederlandse Vegetariërsbond – ProVeg Netherlands – Norsk vegansamfunn – Grønn Framtid – Green REV Institute – Polveg Sp. z o.o – ProVeg Poland – Association végetariana Portuguesa (AVP) – Centro Vegetariano – Sociedade Portuguesa de Naturalogia – Associatia Veganilor din Romania – Association of Alternative Food Products Products Producers (AAFPP) – Sloboda za životinje (Freedom for animals) – Slovenská vegánska spoločnosť – Humanitarno društvo Hrana za življenje – Pasiflora, Asoc. Vegetariana Canaria – Unión Vegetariana Española (UVE) – Svenska Vegetariska Föreningen (SVF) – A Better Future AB – Swissveg – Türkiye Vegan Derneği (TVD) – Vegetarian Society of the UK – ProVeg UK

The Plant-Based Manifesto Summary of Policy Actions Needed

Read the full science-based manifesto here

The 2024 European elections and mandate are pivotal to achieving the 2030 targets of the European Green Deal and the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The aim of this manifesto is to address newly elected officials who will take office in the upcoming 2024 term. Elected representatives must design and implement measures to protect people, animals, and nature. Current EU efforts fall short of effectively reducing greenhouse gas emissions and threaten to put the climate and biodiversity SGDs out of reach. Elected officials must show leadership, driving ambitious action for a sustainable future in all EU states.

Here are the core policy actions that are needed:



1. Set successive targets to increase the total share of plant protein in European Diets to 60% by 2030, 70% by 2040 and 80% by 2050

+ Ensure policy coherence and coordination between files and institutions around agreed targets

2. Make sustainable and healthy food accessible and affordable

Transforming the **Common Agricultural Policy** into a **One Health-based policy**, emphasising sustainable production and promoting healthy diets.

Ensure equitable fiscal policy by standardising **EU VAT rates for plant-based and animal foods**, with Member States urged to apply lower or 0% rates to whole plantbased foods, fostering health and sustainability.



Develop an effective **carbon pricing mechanism** for agriculture, especially for animal products that cause the largest proportion of environmental impacts.

Within investment and R&I programmes, shift funding to **prioritise scaling up** sustainable plant-based products.

3. Adopt an ambitious Sustainable Food Systems Framework (SFSF) that:

Sets an **ambitious definition** of sustainable food systems.

Regulates advertising of unhealthy, carbon-intensive foods, **making sustainability-related information more accessible** to consumers and limiting the promotion of these items.



Paves the ground for a **transformation** of food environments, highlighting the role of plant-based foods in public procurement.

Ensures that the plant-based food sector can develop on a level playing field and is not hindered by **conflicting national labelling and denomination rules.**

Recognises retailers as a bottleneck to sustainable food systems and aims to establish national-level targets for increasing the share of supermarket sales originating from healthy and sustainable food sources 4. Ensure a just transition when promoting the production of sustainable and healthy food



Why are EU policies not working for sustainable food systems?

- Reports indicate adverse effects on environment and health.
- Current policy is fuelling dietary imbalances and excessive meat consumption.
- Food contributes most to citizens' ecological footprint due to high meat intake.
- Meat production is up 80% while production of plant proteins like pulses has declined since the 1960s.
- EU agricultural sector doesn't follow polluter-pays principle already applied in other sectors to improve sustainability.

We believe that plant-based diets present a solution to our defective food systems because:

- Transitioning towards plant-based diets is key for climate change mitigation, health, and food resilience.
- Recognised by EU strategies (Farm to Fork, Biodiversity, Beating Cancer, Drivers of Food Security).
- Supported by 2023 Science Advice for Policy by European Academies (SAPEA).

⁾ Sound policy based on sound evidence

Find our full references in the scientific-based manifesto available here



EMPOWERING EU POLICY

FOR PLANT-BASED

TRANSFORMATION

The EVU is the umbrella organisation of 46 associations representing plant-based interests across Europe

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